

現在完了 have・has+過去分詞（12問） 版A

なまえ：_____

日づけ：_____

[] の動詞を使って、() に have か has と、過去分詞を書きましょう。

- (1) We () just () at the station. [arrive]
- (2) She () () this movie three times. [see]
- (3) My father () () this book before. [read]
- (4) He () () a letter in English before. [write]
- (5) Emi () () Yuki since 2020. [know]
- (6) Tom () already () the book. [read]
- (7) Ken () already () the report. [write]
- (8) They () already () their homework. [do]
- (9) The train () just () the station. [leave]
- (10) Ken () () sick since last Sunday. [be]
- (11) They () () in this town since 2015. [live]
- (12) She () already () her room. [clean]

現在完了 have・has+過去分詞（12問） 版Aの答え

※ 主語が he・she・Ken など1人（1つ）なら has、I・you・we・they なら have。be → been、eat → eaten のような不規則動詞の過去分詞も見てください。

[] の動詞を使って、() に have か has と、過去分詞を書きましょう。

- (1) We () just () at the station. [arrive]
have / arrived
- (2) She () () this movie three times. [see]
has / seen
- (3) My father () () this book before. [read]
has / read
- (4) He () () a letter in English before. [write]
has / written
- (5) Emi () () Yuki since 2020. [know]
has / known
- (6) Tom () already () the book. [read]
has / read
- (7) Ken () already () the report. [write]
has / written
- (8) They () already () their homework. [do]
have / done
- (9) The train () just () the station. [leave]
has / left
- (10) Ken () () sick since last Sunday. [be]
has / been
- (11) They () () in this town since 2015. [live]
have / lived
- (12) She () already () her room. [clean]
has / cleaned